

# FEniCS Course

## Lecture 1: Introduction to FEniCS

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What is FEniCS?

# FEniCS is an automated programming environment for differential equations

- C++/Python library
- Initiated 2003 in Chicago
- 1000–2000 monthly downloads
- Part of Debian and Ubuntu
- Licensed under the GNU LGPL



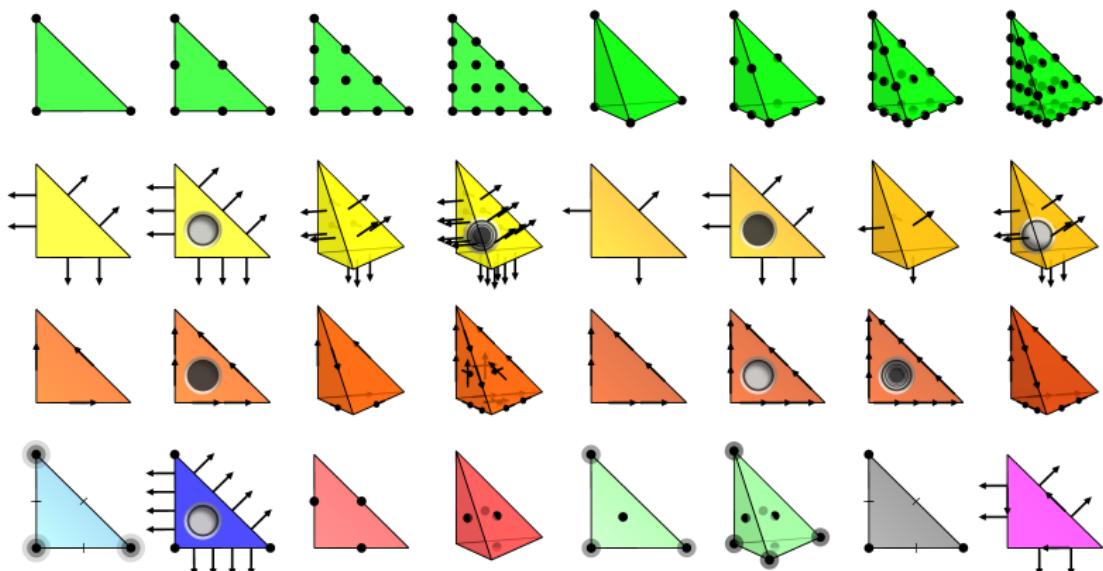
<http://fenicsproject.org/>

## Collaborators

*Simula Research Laboratory, University of Cambridge,  
University of Chicago, Texas Tech University, KTH Royal  
Institute of Technology, ...*

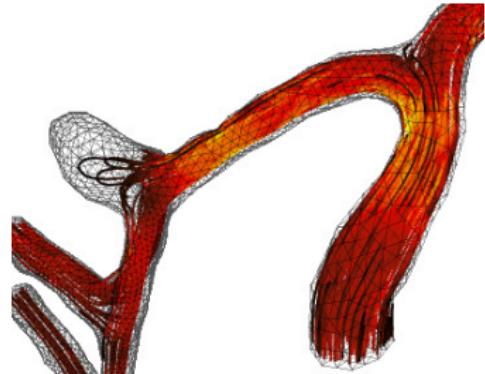
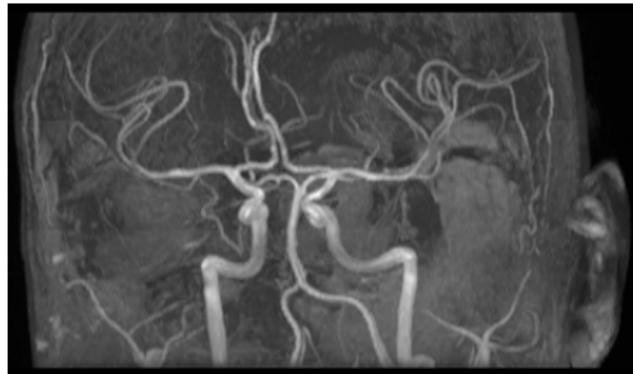
# FEniCS is automated FEM

- Automated generation of basis functions
- Automated evaluation of variational forms
- Automated finite element assembly
- Automated adaptive error control



What has FEniCS been used for?

# Computational hemodynamics



- Low wall shear stress may trigger aneurysm growth
- Solve the incompressible Navier–Stokes equations on patient-specific geometries

$$\begin{aligned}\dot{u} + u \cdot \nabla u - \nabla \cdot \sigma(u, p) &= f \\ \nabla \cdot u &= 0\end{aligned}$$

# Computational hemodynamics (contd.)



```
# Define Cauchy stress tensor
def sigma(v,w):
    return 2.0*mu*0.5*(grad(v) + grad(v).T) -
           w*Identity(v.cell().d)

# Define symmetric gradient
def epsilon(v):
    return 0.5*(grad(v) + grad(v).T)

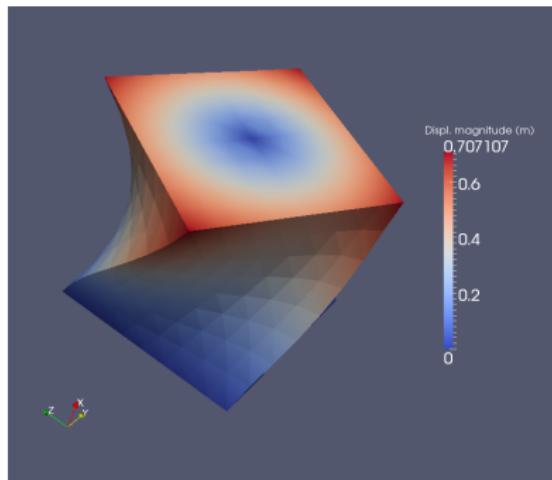
# Tentative velocity step (sigma formulation)
U = 0.5*(u0 + u)
F1 = rho*(1/k)*inner(v, u - u0)*dx +
     rho*inner(v, grad(u0)*(u0 - w))*dx \
     + inner(epsilon(v), sigma(U, p0))*dx \
     + inner(v, p0*n)*ds - mu*inner(grad(U).T*n,
                                         v)*ds \
     - inner(v, f)*dx
a1 = lhs(F1)
L1 = rhs(F1)

# Pressure correction
a2 = inner(grad(q), k*grad(p))*dx
L2 = inner(grad(q), k*grad(p0)) * dx -
     q*div(ui)*dx

# Velocity correction
a3 = inner(v, u)*dx
L3 = inner(v, u1)*dx + inner(v, k*grad(p0 -
                                         p1))*dx
```

- The Navier–Stokes solver is implemented in Python/FEniCS
- FEniCS allows solvers to be implemented in a minimal amount of code

# Hyperelasticity



```
class Twist(StaticHyperelasticity):

    def mesh(self):
        n = 8
        return UnitCube(n, n, n)

    def dirichlet_conditions(self):
        clamp = Expression(("0.0", "0.0",
                           "0.0"))
        twist = Expression(("0.0",
                           "y0 + (x[1]-y0)*cos(theta)
                           - (x[2]-z0)*sin(theta) - x[1]",
                           "z0 + (x[1]-y0)*sin(theta)
                           + (x[2]-z0)*cos(theta) - x[2]"))
        twist.y0 = 0.5
        twist.z0 = 0.5
        twist.theta = pi/3
        return [clamp, twist]

    def dirichlet_boundaries(self):
        return ["x[0] == 0.0", "x[0] == 1.0"]

    def material_model(self):
        mu = 3.8461
        lmbda =
            Expression("x[0]*5.8+(1-x[0])*5.7")

        material = StVenantKirchhoff([mu,
                                      lmbda])
        return material

    def __str__(self):
        return "A cube twisted by 60 degrees"
```

- CBC.Solve is a collection of FEniCS-based solvers developed at CBC
- CBC.Twist, CBC.Flow, CBC.Swing, CBC.Beat, ...

How to use FEniCS?

# Hello World in FEniCS: problem formulation

## Poisson's equation

$$\begin{aligned} -\Delta u &= f && \text{in } \Omega \\ u &= 0 && \text{on } \partial\Omega \end{aligned}$$

## Finite element formulation

Find  $u \in V$  such that

$$\underbrace{\int_{\Omega} \nabla u \cdot \nabla v \, dx}_{a(u,v)} = \underbrace{\int_{\Omega} f v \, dx}_{L(v)} \quad \forall v \in V$$

# Hello World in FEniCS: implementation

```
from dolfin import *

mesh = UnitSquare(32, 32)

V = FunctionSpace(mesh, "Lagrange", 1)
u = TrialFunction(V)
v = TestFunction(V)
f = Expression("x[0]*x[1]")

a = dot(grad(u), grad(v))*dx
L = f*v*dx

bc = DirichletBC(V, 0.0, DomainBoundary())

u = Function(V)
solve(a == L, u, bc)
plot(u)
```

# Basic API

- Mesh Vertex, Edge, Face, Facet, Cell
  - FiniteElement, FunctionSpace
  - TrialFunction, TestFunction, Function
  - grad(), curl(), div(), ...
  - Matrix, Vector, KrylovSolver, LUSolver
  - assemble(), solve(), plot()
- 
- Python interface generated semi-automatically by SWIG
  - C++ and Python interfaces almost identical

# Installation



Official packages for Debian and Ubuntu



Drag and drop installation on Mac OS X



Binary installer for Windows



Automated installation from source

# *The FEniCS challenge!*

Install FEniCS on your laptop!

<http://fenicsproject.org/download/>